Calculate resistance total (Rt) using parallel formulas

WORKSHEET Parallel P8

Student Name	date	MB#
 Measure (A): The student voltage (E), and resistance Calculate (B): The student (E), and resistance (R) for the Miniboard Parallel Trainer 	will use a Digital Multimeter (D (R) for the P8 circuit on the Mir will use the principles of ohms the P8 Circuit using the measure (simulator) Part A and calculate will then compare the results of	mental characteristics of a parallel DMM), to measure the current (I), niboard Parallel Trainer (simulator). law to calculate, current (I), voltage ments taken with the DMM on the d Part B to perform calculations f the measurements taken and those
	Part A Measure	
Measuring Voltages: Measure and record Battery Voltag	a	
Measure and record Total Voltage	b	
Measuring Resistance: Measure and Record total resistance	ce (Rt) for circuit P8	c
Measuring Amperage: Measure and Record the amperage	d	
	Part B Calculate	
values to the student. (measuring i Parallel circuit for this reason anot	cording to color code bands, or the individual resistance values with her method must be used to find ate total resistance in a parallel of the control of the color of the control of the	he instructor might supply resistance a a DMM are not possible in a l individual resistance values) Using circuit. Calculate the total Resistance
R1 resistance (circle one color ba	ands or provided)	e
R2 resistance (circle one color ba	-	f
R3 resistance (circle one color ba	-	g

(It) for P8. Calculate amperage for:						
R1 amperage	(b / e)	i				
R2 amperage	(b / f)	j				
R3 amperage	(b / g)	k				
P8 (It) amperage total	sum	1				
Calculate P8 Total amperage	(b/c)	m				
Since the amperage has been calculated for R1, R2 and R3 resistance can be calculated for R1, R2 and R3 using the calculated amperage for each resistor and circuit voltage:						
Calculate the resistance for R1	(b / i)	n				
Calculate the resistance for R2	(b / j)	0				
Calculate the resistance for R3	(b/k)	p				
Calculate Voltage (R X I) = E Calculate P8 total Voltage Drop (c x d) o						

Current flow through any resistor is dependent on the resistance of the resistor. Therefore it must be calculated for each resistor by multiplying resistance of the individual resistor by the total amperage for the circuit (It). Then sum the amperage's for each resistor, to obtain total amperage for that circuit

Calculate Amperage

(E/R) = I

Part C Compare

Record measured and calculated results to complete the following table. Note: letters in each cell refer to your answers above. (Measured and calculated readings should be less than + - 5%)

Voltages (5)	Measured		Calculated	,	< 5% Difference Y/N
P8 Voltage Drop (Et)	b		p		
Resistance	Measured	circle one	Calculated		
R1 resistance	e	/Bands or Provided	n		
R2 resistance	f	/Bands or Provided	0		
R3 resistance	g	/Bands or Provided	p		
P8 resistance total (Rt)					
Amperage	Measured		Calculated		
R1 amperage	NA		i		NA
R2 amperage	NA		j		NA
R3 amperage	NA		k	Amperage Sum	NA
P8 amperage total (It)	d		m	1	